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10/562,477	12/22/2005	Anthony Kastropil	VOWL007	8418
37334 7590 02/06/2008 D'AMBROSIO & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C. 10260 WESTHEIMER SUITE 465			EXAMINER	
			TOLAN, EDWARD THOMAS	
	HOUSTON, TX 77042			PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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6) Other: \_\_

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of group II claims 98-101 without traverse in the Election of 10-31-2007 is accepted. Claims 57-97 and 102-117 are hereby withdrawn from consideration. The restriction is made FINAL.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 98,99 and 101 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipate by Kennedy et al. (3,363,442). Kennedy discloses an apparatus for adjusting a tube (69) diameter comprising a plurality of cylindrical rollers (67) each roller comprising a first and second end along axle (65). A supporting cylinder (25) has a first end flange (27) and a second end flange (29) with at least one end flange being rotationally displaceable (col. 3, lines 40-42). The first end flange and second end flange define a plurality of support apertures with the roller ends supported therein (col. 3, lines 43-54). The first and second ends of the rollers are on a pitch circle of equal diameter (fig. 2) to form a parallel cylindrical array about aperture (61) to allow a tube to pass therethrough. A means (57) adjusts a position of at least one of the end flanges so that the array is skewed (fig. 3). A motor (17) rotates the supporting cylinder (25) through gearing so that the rollers (67) apply force to an external surface of a tube (69). A mounting flange

(55) comprising a bearing (11) holds the supporting cylinder (25). The mounting flange and motor are attached to a moving frame.

Regarding claims 99 and 101, Gears (49,51) mesh with worm (91) and gear (21) (col. 3, lines 9 and 10). Gear (21) is driven by motor (17) (col. 2, lines 42,43). Motor (93) rotates worm screw (91) through pulley system (95,97,99) which drives frame (89). Therefore the movement of the frame and the supporting cylinder are interrelated by motor means (93) and worm (91).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 100 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kennedy et al. (3,363,442). Kennedy discloses using a pneumatic cylinder (75) for chuck movement. It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to substitute pneumatic means for the pulley and electric motor system as it is well known in the tube deforming art that pneumatic and electrical driving means are operable to drive assemblies in tube working machines wherein each drive means gives predictable results. The skilled artisan would have been motivated to change drive means depending upon workplace, power or machine considerations.

Art Unit: 3725

### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Ed Tolan whose telephone number is 571-272-4525. FAX communications should be sent to 571-273-8300.

EDTOLAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER